

The background of the slide features a hand holding a glowing, wireframe globe. The globe is surrounded by a network of white dots connected by thin white lines, creating a digital mesh effect. The overall color palette is dominated by blues and purples, with a bright light source on the right side creating a lens flare effect. The GSMA logo is positioned in the top left corner.

GSMA™

# SPECTRUM

for 5G & 6G mobile evolution

India Spectrum Management Conference, New Delhi, November 2024

## CONNECTED:

57%

of the world's population are now **using mobile internet**



**4.6 billion**  
**PEOPLE**

But the rate at which people were adopting mobile internet remained

**FLAT**

in 2023



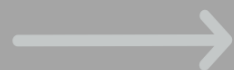
## COVERAGE GAP:

4%

of the world's population are still not covered by mobile broadband



AROUND



**350m**  
**PEOPLE**



## USAGE GAP:

39%

of the world's population live within the footprint of a mobile broadband network but are not using it



**3.1bn**  
**PEOPLE**



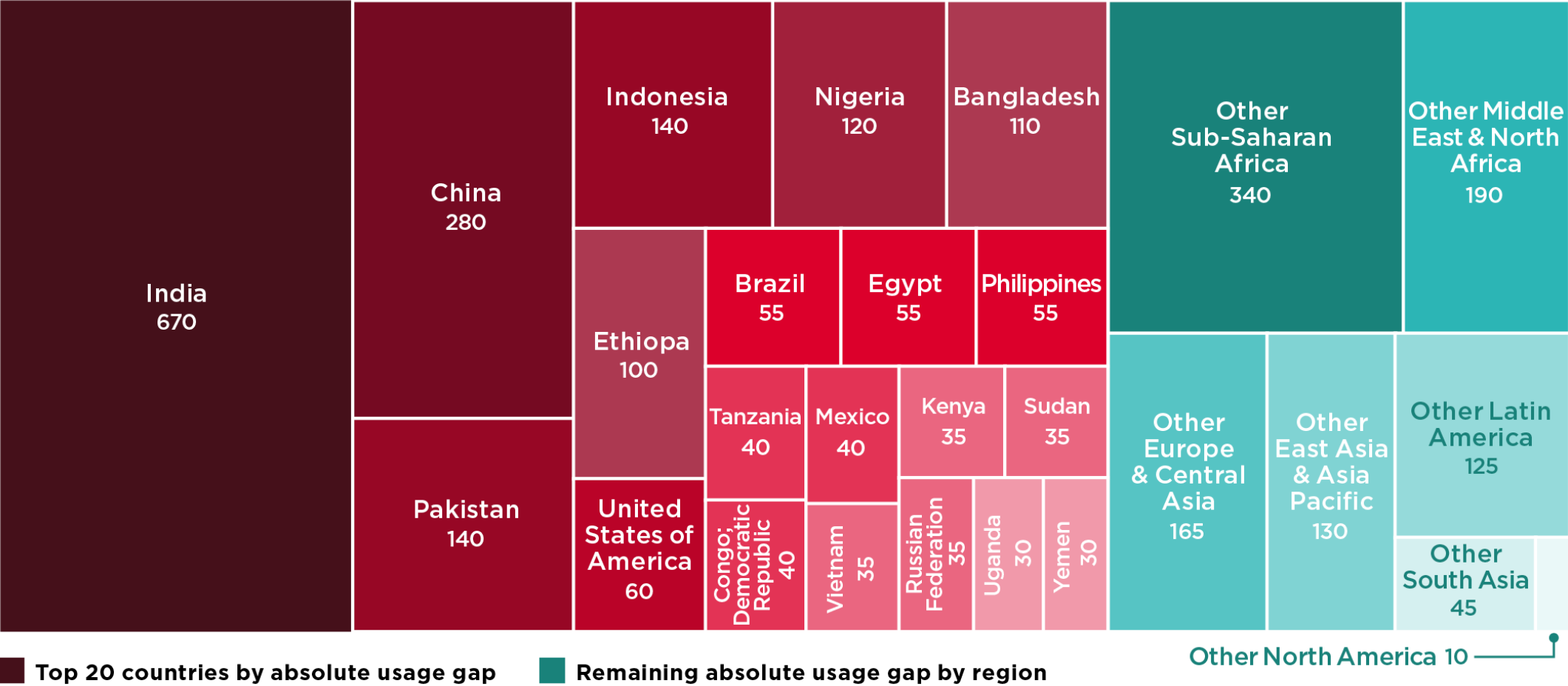
**2/3**

**OF WHICH**  
**DO NOT OWN**  
**A PHONE**

WRCs deliver **HARMONISATION** and **SCALE** to support affordability and lower the usage gap.

WRC-27 can **ENABLE NEW TECHNOLOGIES** which, coupled with the right regulation, can help support coverage.

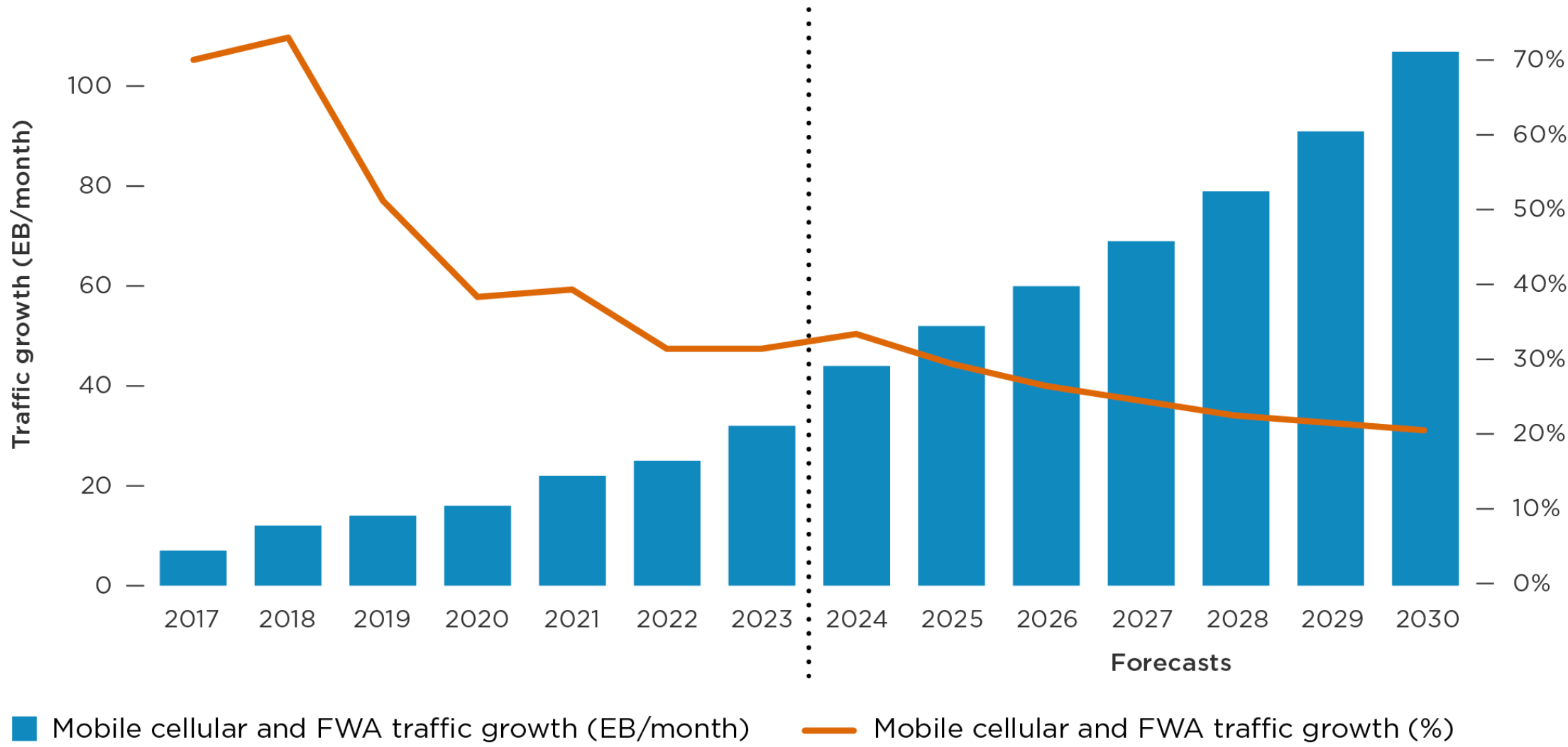
Global usage gap by country in absolute terms (millions of people)



Base: Total population, 197 countries  
Source: GSMA Intelligence

Global mobile cellular and FWA traffic year-on-year growth

EB per month





## Next mobile generations must embrace:



Universal  
meaningful  
connectivity



Quality and  
consistency



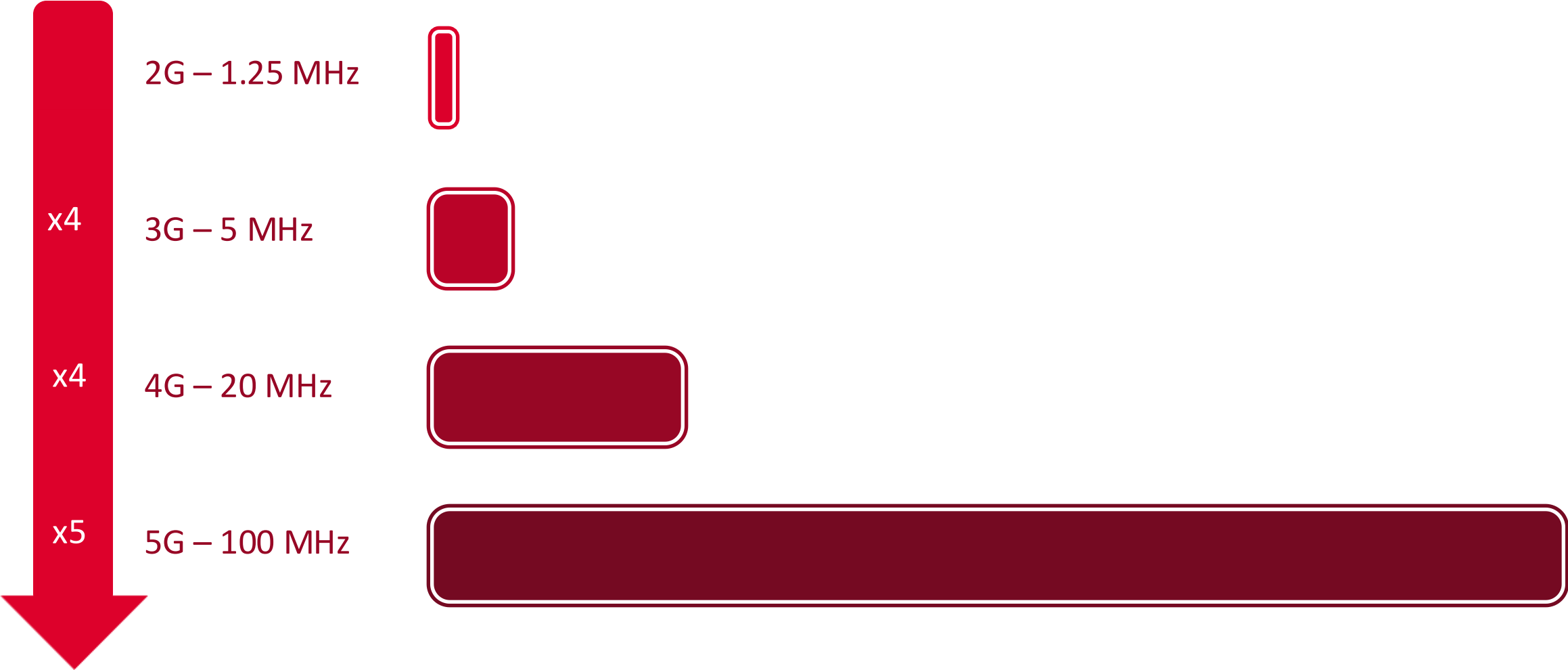
Sustainability and  
energy efficiency



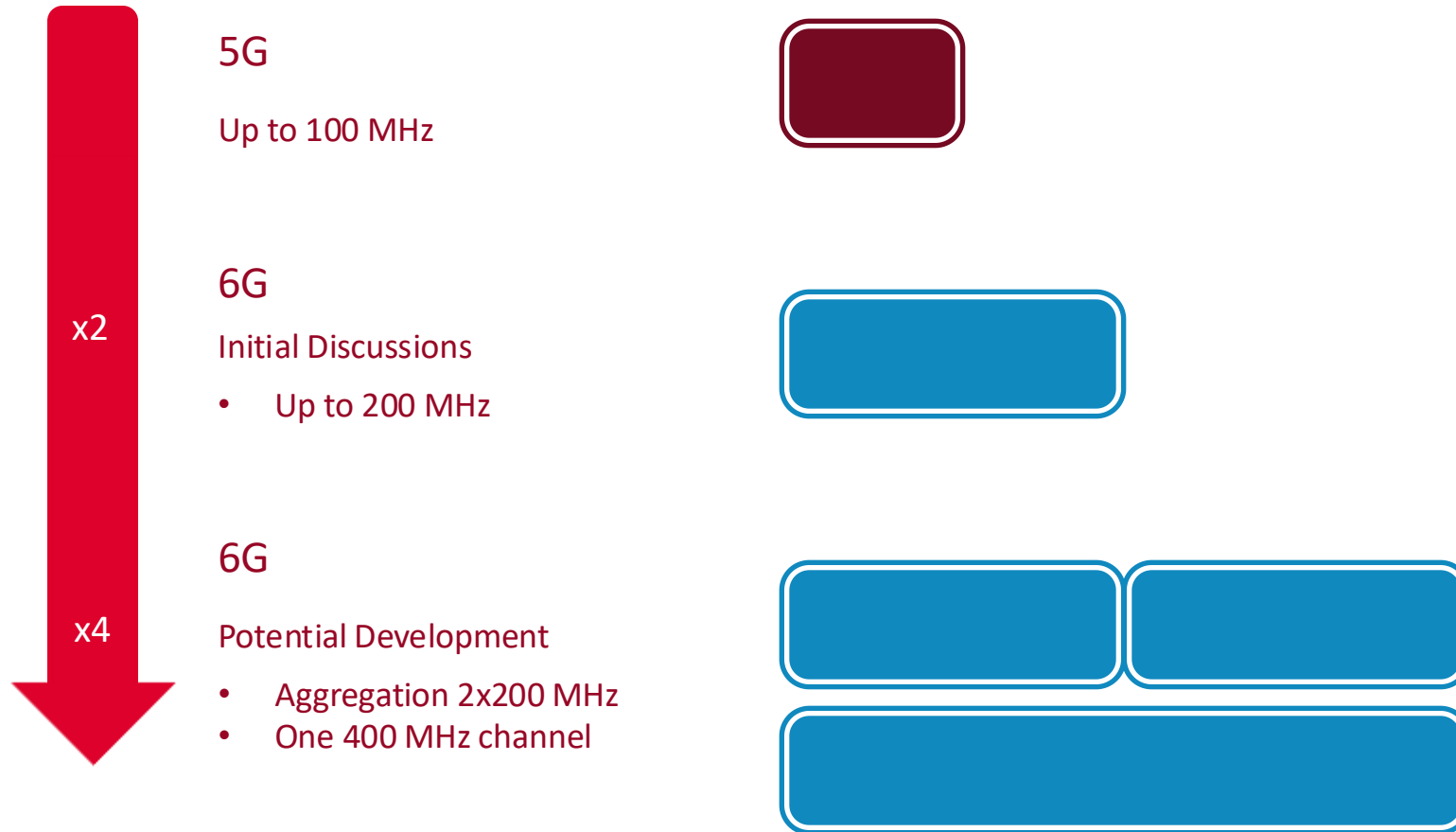
Massive capacity  
for more devices

“By delivering ever-present intelligent communication, 6G will contribute to the creation of a more human-friendly, sustainable and efficient society.”

# History of Channel Bandwidth



# Future of Channel Bandwidth?



- Re-use of existing spectrum and support for wider bandwidths needed
- Industry discussions ongoing regarding extension of bandwidth for mid-bands
- 3GPP RAN 6G Workshop in March 2025
- 400 MHz channels may form part of initial discussions or may be a later development.
- 6 GHz trials used bandwidths between 80 and 400 MHz - the highest speeds were delivered with widest channels





## Channel Size

Peak 6 GHz trial speeds:

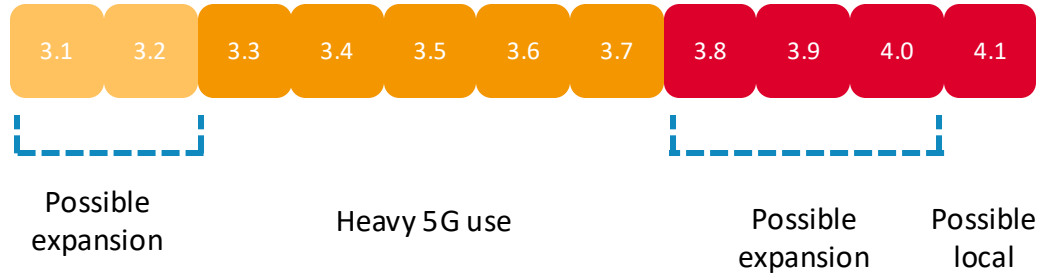
- **1.28 Gbps**  
80 MHz channel
- **5 Gbps**  
200 MHz channel
- **12.3 Gbps**  
400 MHz channel



# Finding Bandwidth

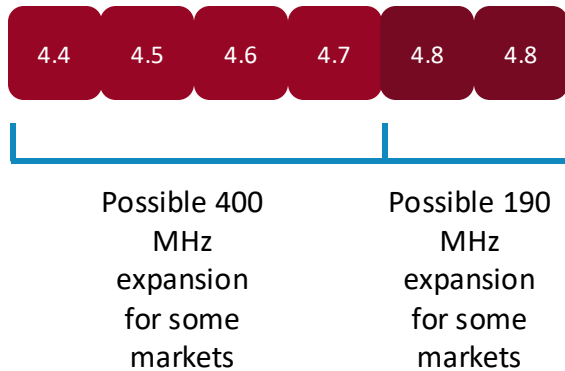
3.1 GHz

4.2 GHz



4.4 GHz

4.99 GHz



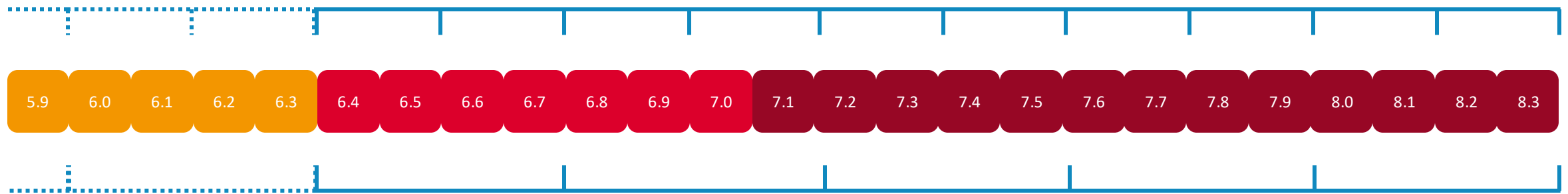
- Additional capacity may be possible in parts of 3.5 GHz and 4.5/4.8 GHz depending on the market
- Both ranges either heavily used or heavily restricted / fragmented

# Finding Bandwidth

5.925 GHz

7.125 GHz

8.4 GHz



- Multiple 200 MHz and 400 MHz channels are possible between 6-8 GHz
  - 5 x 400 MHz channels within 6.425-8.4 GHz
  - 10 x 200 MHz channels within 6.425-8.4 GHz
  - Potential extension below 6.425 MHz in some countries
- Sharing possibilities with existing users within 7-8.4 (or parts) to be investigated
- Balance between available spectrum and number of operators
- Global tuning range facilitates global ecosystem with regional/national usage varying

# Continuing Roadmap Development



## WRC-27

4.4-4.8 GHz

7.125-8.4 GHz (or parts of)

14.8-15.35 GHz



## Other options (including...)\_

470-694 MHz

1427-1518 MHz

3.8-4.2 GHz

6 GHz



# SPECTRUM

for the benefit of billions

